

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XX.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1901.

NUMBER 33.

COLVILLE'S RECEPTION

It Was as Cool as Sir Evelyn Wood Knew How to Make It.

HE TURNS UP A BOGUS TELEGRAM.

Lieutenant Spragge's Call to Lindley Accounted For by the Fake Message—Some One Was Tampering With the Wires.

London, Dec. 31.—Since his arrival in London, Major General Sir Henry Colville has received information tending to show that Lieutenant Colonel Spragge actually received a forged telegram, purporting to be signed by General Colville, dated Lindley, May 23, saying: "I am badly in want of mounted troops. Come here at once."

This telegram was sent off three days before General Colville reached Lindley and was the cause of Lieutenant Spragge hastening there. One of the principal charges against General Colville is that, after appealing to the yeomanry for help, he abandoned them to their fate. "I never heard of this telegram," said General Colville, "until now. But it explains the mystery of my alleged message to Colonel Spragge. It was known at the time that some one was tampering with the wires near Lindley in the interest of the Boers."

General Colville reported himself at the war office Monday. General Sir Evelyn Wood, the adjutant general, merely sent a subordinate to meet him.

Report From Kitchener.

London, Dec. 31.—General Kitchener, telegraphing from Pretoria, Dec. 30, says: The post at Helvetia was surprised at 2:30 a. m., the enemy first rushing a 4.7 gun. At dawn the officer commanding the post at Swartzkopjes sent out a patrol and shelled the enemy out of Helvetia, making them abandon the gun temporarily. The Boers, however, formed our prisoners around the gun and got away eventually. No ammunition belonging to the gun was captured. The casualties were four officers wounded and 11 men killed and 22 wounded. A column was sent out from Machadodorp, owing to bad roads it failed to arrive in time.

Demand For More Troops.

London, Dec. 31.—Commenting upon the Helvetia disaster, The Daily Mail calls upon the government to send out at least 50,000 additional mounted men.

More Failures.

London, Dec. 31.—Fears of further failures in connection with the collapse of the London and Globe Finance corporation, limited, were not realized up to 1 p. m. The whole tone of the stock exchange steadied in consequence, and Americans were marked up from one-half to 4 and the rapidly with which all offerings were taken up for New York had a good effect in steadying other departments. The London and Globe finance corporation sent a circular to its shareholders calling a meeting Jan. 9 for the purpose of adopting a resolution to wind up the company. The circular says the capital of the company is locked up in securities on which, at present, it is impossible to realize, and the corporation by reason of its liabilities is unable to carry on business. Later Thomas S. Egan, a jobber in the West Australian market, failed, but this had little effect. Subsequently still two more failures were announced on the stock exchange, those of G. W. Barber and Fitzgerald and company, both connected with the West Australian market.

Receiver For Loan Association.

Atlanta, Dec. 31.—The Interstate Building and Loan association, the last of the corporations of the kind in Atlanta, was placed in the hands of W. H. Scott as receiver on the application of J. William Flynn, who has \$3,500 invested in the concern and A. R. Heywood, jr., who has \$500. The petitioners allege that the scheme of the building and loan associations has practically failed and that while the assets indicate insolvency, there is no reasonable hope that the stock can be matured during a reasonable time. The bill asks that the assets be collected and distributed among the shareholders pro rata. The assets are given as over \$100,000; liabilities \$92,500.

Made Up the Deficit.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 31.—Charles D. Snapp, confidential clerk and cashier of Caldwell & Smith, investment brokers, who was in jail charged with a shortage in his accounts, was released. His brother, Howard Snapp, and George Debell of Joliet settled with the firm, transferring property in Chicago belonging to Howard Snapp, and property in Arkansas belonging to Charles D. Snapp, all valued at \$21,800.

QUAY'S BATTLE ROYAL.

Opponents Working Hard to Keep Him Out of the Senate.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 1.—Democrats of the house and anti-Quay Republicans held separate caucuses to discuss plans for fusion on the organization of the house. Should fusion be effected, it is probable that General William H. Koontz of Somerset, an anti-Quay Republican, will be the candidate for speaker. William T. Marshall of Allegheny is the unanimous choice of the stalwart Republicans. Insurance Commissioner Durham, a stalwart Republican leader, said the stalwarts would organize the senate and house and that Quay will be elected United States senator on the first ballot without the aid of a single Democrat.

Senator David Martin of Philadelphia, an anti-Quay Republican, and Democratic National Chairman Guflay of Pittsburg, were just as positive in their statements that the fusionists would organize the house and prevent Mr. Quay's election. The anti-Quayites concede the election of Senator William P. Snyder, of Chester as president pro tem of the senate and of stalwart officers and employees of that body. Indications are that Mr. Guflay will be the choice of the Democrats for senator. It requires 127 votes to elect.

New Incorporations.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Shelby and New Washington Railway company, Mansfield, \$5,000; Pioneer Steamship company, Willoughby, \$100,000; Lake Transit company, Willoughby, \$30,000; Newspaper and Magazine company, Niles, \$3,000; National Athletic association, Tiffin; Cincinnati and Cleveland Railroad company, Cincinnati, \$15,000; Die Deutsche Medizinischer Gesellschaft der Stadt, Cleveland; Defiance Box company, Defiance, increase \$50,000 to \$125,000; M. B. Farrin Lumber company, Winton place, \$500,000; Simon Linser Brewing company, Zanesville, \$200,000; Rhodes Glass and Bottle company, Massillon, \$50,000; Central Brass Foundry company, Cleveland, \$2,500; Niles Fire Brick company, Niles, \$60,000.

Raided by Red Men.

Tombstone, A. T., Dec. 31.—Reports from the northern parts of the states of Chihuahua and Sonora tell of frequent raids on ranches and settlements by Apache and Yaqui Indians. They have driven off many head of live stock which are believed to have been driven south. The outlaws are said to be led by a white man. The Yaquis are probably members of a party which has been warring with Mexican troops and the Apaches are from a part of a tribe which has been living in northern Mexico since they were driven out of Arizona years ago.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and stock prices for Dec. 31.

Chicago—Cattle: Good to prime steers, \$5 25@6 00; poor to medium, \$4 50@5 15; selected feeders, \$3 75@4 35; mixed stockers, \$2 50@3 75; cows, \$2 50@4 20; heifers, \$2 00@4 40; canners, \$1 75@2 50; bulls, \$2 50@4 50; Texas fed steers, \$4 00@4 85; Texas grass steers, \$3 30@4 00; Texas bulls, \$2 50@3 35; calves—\$4 00@5 50; Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$4 00@4 90; good to choice heavy, \$4 70@4 90; rough heavy, \$4 55@4 65; light, \$4 60@4 80; Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers, \$3 75@4 50; fair to choice mixed, \$3 40@3 75; western sheep, \$3 75@4 50; Texas sheep, \$2 50@3 50; native lambs, \$4 25@5 50; western lambs, \$5 00@5 50; Wheat—No. 2 red, 72½¢@74½¢; Corn—No. 2, 30½¢; Oats—No. 2, 22½¢@22½¢.

Cleveland—Cattle: Good to choice smooth dry fed 1,250 lb. steers, \$4 80@5 00; good to choice smooth dry fed lighter steers, \$4 40@4 70; green half fat steers, 900 to 1,200 lbs., \$3 75@4 30; fair to best heifers, 900 to 1,200 lbs., \$3 75@4 30; fair to best heifers, \$3 50@4 50; fair to extra cows, \$3 00@3 75; bulls, \$3 00@3 75; calves—Fair to best, \$6 00@7 00; Sheep and Lambs—Choice ewe and wether lambs, \$5 20@5 30; fair to good lambs, \$4 85@5 15; culls and common, \$4 00@4 60; good wether sheep, \$3 75@4 00; fair to good mixed sheep, \$3 25@3 65; culls and common, \$2 00@3 00; fair to choice yearlings, \$3 75@4 00; Hogs—Mixed, \$4 95.

Pittsburg—Cattle: Choice, \$5 40@6 00; prime, \$5 20@5 35; good, \$4 80@5 10; city butchers, \$4 40@4 75; heifers, \$3 00@4 25; cows, \$2 50@3 25; calves—\$6 50@8 00; fresh cows, \$25 00@30 00; Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, \$4 00@4 25; good, \$3 75@4 00; fair, \$3 25@3 50; choice lambs, \$5 50@6 00; common to good, \$4 00@5 40; Hogs—Light Yorkers and pigs, \$5 10@5 12½; heavy Yorkers and mediums, \$5 10@5 12½; heavy hogs, \$5 00@5 05.

New York—Cattle: Steers, \$4 30@5 32½; oxen and stags, \$3 70@4 50; bulls, \$2 60@4 32½; cows, \$1 75@3 75; Calves—Veals, \$5 00@8 50; Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$2 50@3 80; lambs, \$4 80@5 85; culls, \$4 25; Canada lambs, \$5 80; Hogs—\$5 25@5 40; state pigs, \$5 50; Wheat—No. 2 red, 79¢; Corn—No. 2, 45½¢; Oats—No. 2, 28¢.

Buffalo—Cattle: Butchers, \$4 50@4 90; shipping, \$5 00@5 35; tops, \$5 40@5 75; cows and heifers, \$3 75@4 75; stockers and feeders, \$3 00@4 25; Calves—\$6 50@8 00; Sheep and Lambs—Tops, \$5 40@5 45; Hogs—Pigs, \$5 25@5 30; Yorkers and mediums, \$5 10@5 15; heavy, \$5 05.

Cincinnati—Wheat: No. 2 red, 78¢; Corn—No. 2 mixed, 37½¢; Oats—No. 2 mixed, 24½¢; Rye—No. 2, 53¢; Lard—\$6 67½; Bulk Meats—\$6 37½; Bacon—\$7 55; Hogs—\$4 00@5 10; Cattle—\$2 25@5 85; Sheep—\$1 00@3 60; Lambs—\$3 75@5 25; Toledo—Wheat, 76½¢; corn, 36½¢; oats, 23½¢; rye, 51½¢; cloverseed, \$6 40.

SWEEPING AVERMENT.

Congressman Lentz Attributes Defeat To Bribe and Fraud.

GIVES OFFICIAL NOTICE OF CONTEST.

President McKinley Accused of Meddling in Congressional Campaign. Others High in Political Life Charged With Irregularities.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was part of a systematic plan of Republican leaders connected with the Republican administration at Washington; that a large corruption fund was procured to compass his defeat by bribery because of his severe criticisms of President McKinley's official acts; and in pursuance of said plan, Mr. Lentz avers that William J. Burns and John E. Murphy of the United States secret service, "by and with the consent of President McKinley and other Republican managers of the campaign, and at the request of W. B. Woodbury, secretary of the Franklin county Republican executive committee, came to Columbus and participated in the crime of bribing and debauching voters in the bad lands and other social cesspools of this city." It is further alleged that E. J. Miller, surveyor of customs of the Columbus port, participated in and assisted said parties in the payment of bribes to voters. It is also charged that Cyrus Huling, Republican ex-prosecuting attorney of Franklin county, was given \$4,000 for the purpose of corrupting and bribing Democratic voters of this district; that Harry B. Arnold and E. B. Dillon, chairman of the Republican county executive committee, offered bribes to certain Democrats; that more than 25 foremen of the different sections of laborers at work on construction of the plants of the Federal Gas and Fuel company and the Columbus, London and Springfield Street Railway company were paid money for the purpose of bribing said foremen and employees; and that \$4,500 was paid to John J. Joyce, Democratic ex-county clerk of Franklin county, and ex-secretary of Democratic county executive committee, "for the purpose of securing the votes and assistance of Democratic committeemen and voters as he, Joyce, might be able to bribe," to bring about Lentz's defeat. Mr. Lentz also avers that President McKinley made a personal and individual canvass and solicitation of certain Democratic voters in Fairfield county in behalf of Mr. Tompkins. Mr. Lentz claims that "as said Cyrus Huling made the statement several days before the election that at least 3,000 Republicans in this district must have voted for Lentz, it is a fair deduction that about 2,300 Democratic voters must have been hired to remain away from the polls or induced by bribery to vote against me." The contestant avers that he ran over 700 votes ahead of the Democratic national ticket in the respectable wards of the city, and that by the lavish use of money in the slum districts the vote of his opponent was abnormally increased.

Columbus, O., Dec. 31.—Bribery, debauchery and corruption by persons high in official life are alleged by Congressman John J. Lentz in his contest against Emmett Tompkins, the Republican candidate, who at the November election received a plurality of eight votes according to the returns, out of a total of 51,392 votes cast in the Twelfth district, consisting of Franklin and Fairfield counties. Mr. Lentz has made public a lengthy statement in support of his official notice to contest, in which he alleges that certain students in various educational institutions and employees of state institutions located in this city were induced to remain here and vote for Tompkins; that illegal voters were imported and colonized in this city for the same purpose; and that Mr. Tompkins was the beneficiary of the "manifest errors in the count and return of votes." It is further charged that the campaign pursued in behalf of Mr. Tompkins was

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
 Proprietors.
 TUESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1901.

THE WEATHER.

[For 24 hours ending at 6:40 a. m.]
 TEMPERATURE.
 Maximum 42°. Minimum 21°. Mean 31.5°.
 PRECIPITATION.
 Rain..... .01 inches
 Previously reported.....2.02 inches
 Total for December.....2.03 inches

A NEGLECTED INSTITUTION.

Maysville has an institution that should be the pride of every citizen, but which, the BULLETIN regrets to say, has for years been sadly neglected. We refer to the Public Library on Sutton street. It has never received that consideration and encouragement from our municipal authorities which such an institution merits. Even in its present condition it is one of the most valuable institutions of the kind in the State; and yet how much better and more useful could it be made were the proper spirit manifested toward it by our people, and especially by those in authority.

The philanthropic spirit of a former citizen, the late James Wormald, gave this institution to Maysville. For the purpose of establishing an institute "uniting the advantages of a public library with those of a historical and scientific society," Mr. Wormald bequeathed the lot on Sutton street and also a sum of money, amounting we believe to \$20,000. This sum, however, has not yet become available, and probably will not for many years yet, as the income goes to certain relatives of Mr. Wormald during their life. Inspired by the generosity of Mr. Wormald some public-spirited citizens contributed a sum sufficient to erect the present building shortly after Mr. Wormald's death, and since then the large and valuable collection of books have gradually been secured. The trustees of the "Maysville and Mason County Library, Historical and Scientific Association," in whose hands the management of the institution was placed, have of late years found themselves without funds to maintain the institution as such an institution should be maintained. They have no funds for the employment of a janitor, for keeping the building in repair and for compensating to some extent the faithful Librarian who has devoted so many years to the care of the books and the property. With no funds for these purposes it is not surprising that the institution has fallen into its present condition. The building is in need of repairs. A neat veranda would improve its appearance. The yard should be nicely sodded and inclosed, and neat walks put down. The interior should be overhauled and renovated and then a janitor should be employed to keep it in proper condition, and the Librarian should receive some compensation for the time he devotes to the care and oversight of the institution. Let the honorable Board of Council turn over a new leaf with the new year and new century and discharge a duty the city owes to this institution, by appropriating a fund sufficient for the purposes just named. The city is doubly obligated to do this now, because the Council during the last few years has placed within this institution the Greenwood Library and is yearly adding to this handsome and valuable collection.

Council should also bear in mind the fact that the library is a most important adjunct to our public schools. And one of the chief aims of the trustees is to make it more so with the increasing years.

A recent number of the "New York Saturday Review" has a strong and suggestive article upon this point—"Public Schools and Public Libraries"—urging the establishment of such relations between these two important factors in public education as would result in benefit to both and to the public at large. The problem which in New York, with its ten thousand teachers, has yet to be solved, has already found a practical solution in this little Kentucky town of ours. The Public Library is a recognized adjunct of the public schools as we have already stated. It is the official headquarters of the Board of Education; it is a school of research for the children who are taught; it is a school of instruction for those who teach. One of the best possible indications of its educational importance is the practical recognition of its value by teachers who wish to keep in line with the most advanced schools of modern thought. The ablest educator, nowadays, is not the man who thinks he has exhausted the sources of human knowledge; but the one who knows that, if he would keep the respect of the pupil that he teaches and of the public that he serves, his supplies of educational information must be fresh, wholesome, abundant and always on tap. No one has a keener appreciation of these facts than the capable and energetic teachers in the Maysville schools. In conclusion, how can we expect any

more requests like those of the late Mr. Wormald and the late Mr. Greenwood if we fail to properly manifest our appreciation of their goodness and their generosity? Hitherto, our municipal authorities have shown little or no appreciation of these bequests, and if that is to continue our policy the city need never expect any more such gifts. Let not the sin of ingratitude be laid any longer at our doors. Let us show to the world that we appreciate these generous gifts, and will care for them properly and put them to the very best and noblest use possible.

THE "WHAT IS IT."

It is apparent that Greenup County has been done a grievous injury. There was no justification for the quarantine so unjustly and unreasonably imposed upon it. It was a high handed outrage and the Kentucky State Board of Health owes it to an injured community to make public the persons and causes responsible for its remarkable action. Outside of the village across the river from Ironton there is no smallpox in Greenup County and that locality has been successfully quarantined against for weeks. The people of Greenup County should stay with this matter until the instigators of the outrage are identified and made to pay the penalty at the bar of public opinion—there being no legal remedy.

The foregoing paragraph is from the Portsmouth Blade. It requires no comment. The condition of affairs in Greenup naturally astonishes her neighbors across the river; but there is no novelty in the situation for the people of Kentucky. If the curb be not promptly applied, the medical trust in Kentucky will soon exhaust the revenues and "stamp out" the business of the State. Our readers will recall the recently published facts in regard to the Greenup "epidemic."

On Thursday, Dr. Biggs, Health Officer of Greenup County, and other local physicians, after careful investigation, issued a card stating that smallpox "did not exist" in the village of Russell. On the following day, Dr. J. N. McCormack, Secretary of the State Board of Health, arrived on the ground and promptly reported that it "did exist." Now you see it, and now you don't. Nevertheless it is there. It puts nobody to bed; it impairs nobody's appetite; it interrupts nobody's business; it disturbs nobody's sleep; it requires little or no treatment; it lasts but a few days; it leaves no traces of its presence; and carries no victims to the grave. This is the history of the "epidemic" at Russell. And, as at Russell, so everywhere.

Let us not be misunderstood. The authorities of this county have successfully fought epidemics for many years; and will always be found equal to any situation that may arise. If any eruptive disease which is contagious, should appear, every proper precaution will be taken by the people to prevent the spread of the disease. But they desire no meddlesome interference from abroad. They will isolate the infected; they will vaccinate the unprotected; they will pay their own expenses; and they will audit their own bills. If quarantine is required they will ask for it.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

Figures Showing the Population of Maysville and Nearby Cities, Towns and Villages in 1890 and 1900.

The Census Bureau has just issued a bulletin showing the population of the incorporated cities, towns and villages in Kentucky. There are 354 of these incorporated cities, towns and villages. The subjoined table shows the population of the cities named in 1890 and 1900:

	Population.	1890.	1900.
Maysville.....	5,358	6,423	
Augusta.....	1,447	1,718	
Ashland.....	4,195	6,800	
Bellevue.....	3,163	6,332	
Brooksville.....	330	565	
Carlisle.....	1,081	1,377	
Cattlettsburg.....	1,374	3,081	
Covington.....	37,371	42,938	
Cynthiana.....	3,016	3,237	
Danville.....	3,796	4,285	
Dayton.....	4,264	6,104	
Dover.....	515	879	
Flemingsburg.....	1,172	1,268	
Frankfort.....	7,892	9,487	
Germantown.....	220	497	
Greenup.....	660	711	
Lexington.....	21,567	26,369	
Mayslick.....	352	237	
Millersburg.....	850	862	
Minerva.....		105	
Mt. Carmel.....	175	144	
Mt. Olivet.....	327	352	
Nepton.....	212	293	
Newport.....	24,918	28,301	
Owingsville.....	763	958	
Paris.....	4,218	4,603	
Richmond.....	5,073	4,658	
Sardis.....	253	257	
Vanceburg.....	1,100	1,161	
Washington.....	529	575	
Winchester.....	4,519	5,964	

Mr. Charles Phister received a letter Saturday from a Chicago physician asking that he, "being one of the oldest citizens of Kentucky, make inquiries personally, or through Maysville papers, either the Eagle or other papers, regarding the descendants and ancestors of Thomas Downing and son, Timothy, of Washington." The writer's mother was Miss Hannah Carty, daughter of Charles and Nancy Carty, nee Brooks. He also inquired about Isaac Thomas, the Miner family, particularly Mrs. Araminta Miner. The writer's ancestress, Nancy Carty, was "one of the little girls who carried water to Kenton Station when it was surrounded by Indians."

Can furnish your New Year's dinner or banquet with oysters in any quantity, c. n. or bulk. JOHN O'KEEFE.

TO OUR PATRONS.

Some Changes in Our Advertising Rates Went into Effect With the New Year.

Beginning to-day the owners of THE EVENING BULLETIN and The Public Ledger will adhere to the following scale of advertising rates and the conditions set forth.

SPACE.	One Time....	Two Times....	Three Times....	Four Times....	Five Times....	One Week....	Two Weeks....	Three Weeks....	One Month....	Three Months....	Six Months....	One Year....
One Inch....	\$ 1 00	\$ 1 25	\$ 1 50	\$ 1 75	\$ 2 00	\$ 2 25	\$ 3 25	\$ 4 25	\$ 5 25	\$ 8 00	\$12 00	\$18 00
Two Inches....	1 50	2 00	2 50	3 00	3 50	4 00	6 00	8 00	9 00	12 00	18 00	30 00
Three Inches....	2 00	2 75	3 50	4 25	5 00	5 75	7 75	9 75	11 75	15 00	24 00	40 00
Four Inches....	2 50	3 25	4 00	4 75	5 50	6 00	8 00	10 00	13 00	18 00	30 00	50 00
Five Inches....	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	10 00	13 00	15 50	22 50	35 00	60 00
Six Inches....	3 50	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	13 00	15 00	18 00	25 00	40 00	70 00
Ten Inches....	4 50	6 50	8 50	10 50	12 50	14 50	16 50	18 00	20 50	30 00	50 00	80 00
Twenty Ins....	7 00	9 25	12 25	15 25	18 25	21 25	25 00	30 00	35 00	50 00	80 00	140 00

Local Notices for business 15 cents a line for single insertion, and 10 cents per line each subsequent insertion.
 Locals, yearly contract, \$10 per line; 3¢ per line each insertion for extra space.
 Local Notices for Church Entertainments, &c., where a fee is charged for admission, and Obituaries, Resolutions of Respect, &c., 5 cents per line each time.
 Extra large advertisements occupying over 20 inches—including extra space for regular advertisers—20 cents per inch first insertion; 15 cents second insertion; 10 cents each subsequent insertion.
 Medical Readers and All Foreign Advertisements, regular rates, less Advertising Agent's commission.
 Building Association Reports, regular rates.
 All cuts must be on metal bases. No deviation from these rates.
 JANUARY 1, 1901.
PUBLIC LEDGER CO.,
 THOMAS A. DAVIS, Proprietor.
EVENING BULLETIN,
 ROSSER & MCCARTHY, Proprietors.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. I. M. Lane has returned from Indianapolis.
 —Dr. Landman will be at the Central Hotel Thursday, Jan. 3rd.
 —Mr. Hiram Daugherty, of the Central Hotel, is visiting at Covington.
 —Mr. and Mrs. William Bloom, of Muncie, Ind., are here visiting friends.
 —Mr. John McGraw, of Wedonia, left Monday to visit friends at Kansas City.
 —Mr. Earl Yearsley was the guest Sunday of Mr. Hilbert, of the Fifth ward.
 —Miss Grace Chisholm, of Lexington, is visiting her cousin, Miss Jessie Chisholm.
 —Miss Hattie Mae Bond has returned from Bernard where she visited Miss Jessie Yancey.
 —Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Price and child, of Cumberland, Md., are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Davis.

—Mr. Buckner Wall leaves to-day for Richmond, Va., after spending the holidays with his sister and grandfather.
 —Mr. Wm. Branch, of Lewisburg, has returned home after a pleasant visit to the family of Mr. B. F. Clift, of Forest avenue.
 —Miss Jessie Yancey, of Bernard, came in Monday to attend the grand opera, and is the guest of Miss Bond, of West Third street.
 —Miss Mary J. Nelson, of Bernard, and her brother, Mr. Will Nelson who is attending school at the State College, have returned from Newport where they spent the holidays with their sister, Mrs. Davrainville. This was the first time for fourteen years they have spent a Christmas together.
 A stable belonging to Mr. Louis Goepke, of Mt. Carmel, was destroyed by fire one night last week, causing a loss of about \$400. He had some insurance. It was set on fire by some boys who were shooting Roman candles.

PLAID DRESS GINGHAMS!

Thoroughly reliable for laundry tests and very serviceable, it is one of the best materials for dresses, wrappers, aprons, waists. The colors are dark and warm. Original price 8½c. As a trade stimulator it goes to 5½c. Come before the choicest patterns are selected.

Coats and Capes.

No need to feel wintry with warm outer garments to be had for such nominal prices—
 \$5 COATS \$3½ \$10 COATS \$5 \$12½ COATS 7½ \$15 COATS 9½
 \$5 CAPES \$3½ \$10 CAPES \$5 \$12½ CAPES 7½ \$15 CAPES 9½

But price isn't the only consideration—nor quality either, fit and finish are equally important. The Hunt Cloaks are good all through—the hidden as well as the visible parts. They are the product of skillful hands from start to finish—the result proves it.

For the fit we don't charge, the cheaper coats fitting the same as the more expensive ones. All are cut to the same lines and come from the same source—one of the finest cloakhouses in America.

D. HUNT & SON.

Mrs. Fannie Hise and husband have sold to Henry Adams about sixty-five acres of land on Kennedy's Creek for \$1,100.

Mr. Charles C. Hopper has severed his connection with the St. Charles Hotel and will go on the road for a Southern firm.

Since Elder George Gowen took charge of the Broadway Christian Church of Louisville three months ago there have been seventy additions to the membership.

Mary Frank, the four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Chinn, of the Choctaw neighborhood, died Monday morning at the home of her uncle, Mr. Charles Chinn, of Helena, after a week's illness of pneumonia.

Edwin G. Bedford died near Paris Sunday morning, aged eighty-six years. He was a noted breeder of shorthorn cattle, and once sold a bull for \$7,000. He paid the highest price ever given for a shorthorn, paying \$36,000 for a bull at the New York Mills sale in 1876.

The sunrise prayer meeting at 6:30 this morning at the Central Presbyterian Church was attended by a large crowd, and the new year and new century were given a joyful welcome. Services will be held at the church each evening this week at 7 o'clock.

SPECIAL SALE

...OF...

Overcoats!

FOR THIS WEEK.

A Blue Kersey \$12.50 Overcoat, this week,\$8 80
 A \$15.00 Oxford Overcoat, this week\$9 60

J. WESLEY LEE,

THE CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER.

I Want Every Person

In the city and county to know our superior quality of Christmas goods. What we know we have gained by personal experience and the experience of others. If you want to know a good place to buy your

CHRISTMAS GOODIES.

why ask your neighbor. We'll abide by his decision. Is this not fair? If price is an inducement, come and try our nice Candles at 6½c. to 40c. per pound; mixed Nuts only 12½c. per lb. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Apples, Cranberries, Celery, Oysters, dressed Poultry and Game; all kinds of Fireworks. In fact everything the market affords and lots of it. We try to please; will you please to try

W. T. CUMMINS,

Corn & Third and Limestone Streets?

ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR ASSESSOR.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for the office of Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party. I am from the Lewisburg precinct, which, although the champion Democratic precinct of the county, has heretofore been ignored in the distribution of the offices, and my friends ask that she be recognized in this instance at least by my cordial support. If nominated, I will be elected; if elected, I will faithfully perform the duties of the office,—see the people, and not simply copy the old books. HORD LONG.

We are authorized to announce W. H. HAWES, of Minerva precinct, as a candidate for County Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce ROBERT PERLINE as a candidate for County Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce JAMES R. ROBERTSON as a candidate for Sheriff of Mason County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

LOST.

LOST—Last week between Washington and Maysville or in Maysville, a rubber tire of a phantom wheel. Finder will please return to JOHN C. KIRK, Washington. 1-dtf

LOST—A pair of spectacles on the afternoon of December 28th, on Forest avenue or Third street. Finder will please return them to this office. 31-dtf

The funeral of Mary Frank Chinn, whose death is mentioned elsewhere, takes place at 2 this afternoon at the home. Interment at Hord's burial-ground.

Normal class meets to-night as usual. F. W. HARROP.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We Pack a Written Guarantee in each \$1 Box. You only pay for benefits received. 40c. and \$1 a box, 6 for \$5. Sent by mail.

JAPANESE PILE OINTMENT, 25c. a Box. Constipation by Japanese Liver Pilets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents. NOTICE—The Genuine Fresh Japanese Pile Cure for sale only by THOS. J. CHENOWETH, Druggist.

The Bee Hive

Cloaks and Collarettes at One-third Off the Price.

In order to close out the balance of our stock of Cloaks and Collarettes we have concluded to allow you a discount of 33 1/3 per cent., or one-third off the price. This brings the price to you away down below the manufacturers' cost mark and insures you the greatest Cloak bargains ever shown in Maysville. Don't tarry. The stock is limited as to quantity. All prices marked in plain figures.

Ready-to-Wear Skirts at One-fifth Off the Price.

Our stock of woolen Dress Skirts and Mercerized Underskirts is larger than it should be at this season of the year. We bought a few more than we needed. But that's to your benefit. In order to sell 'em quickly we will give you your choice at a discount of 20 per cent., or one-fifth off the price. The Dress Skirts come in chevots, serges, golf cloths and brocades, ranging in prices from 98c. to \$5.50. The Underskirts are in moreen, satine, mercerized cloths and silk. Prices 59c. to \$9.50.

For this week we will allow a discount of 10 per cent. on all Silks, Dress Goods and linings. Watch our ads for bargains.

ROSENAU BROS.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE BEE HIVE,

≡KINGS OF LOW PRICES≡

COUNCIL MEETING.

Liquor Licenses Granted at a Called Session Last Night—Dr. Reed Elected Member of Health Board.

At a called meeting of City Council last night saloon license was granted to the following: Wm. Rosser, Ed. Glenn, Simon Crowell, Wells & Mitchell, Devine & Metcalf, Eli Greenlee, John Dersch, W. A. Schatzmann, Wm. L. Schatzmann, John Brisbois, John Eitel, George Diener, Breeze & Atkinson, Martin Hanley, A. Pfeiffer, Charles Owens, Thomas Guilfoyle, Central Hotel Company, Willett & Nicholson, W. E. Kammer.

Merchants' liquor license was granted to M. C. Russell & Son, Omar Dodson, O. H. P. Thomas & Co., Poyntz Bros., J. H. Rogers & Co., G. W. Rogers & Co.

Druggists' license was granted to Geo. T. Wood Company, Thos. J. Chenoweth, J. James Wood & Son, Frank Armstrong. Dr. J. A. Reid was elected a member Board of Health.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for coughs, colds and all throat, chest and lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures consumption. Price 50c. and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at J. Jas. Wood & Son's drugstore.

John Holland, of Washington, and Miss Ida Wells, of Sardis, were married Monday evening by Judge Newell.

Mrs. Cornelia Barth fatally burned at St. Croix, Ind., trying to save her infant child from burning home.

Five young negroes whipped and driven out of Calvert City, Ky., where negroes have not been tolerated for 20 years.

Martin Terpie, 48, of Cleveland fatally stabbed his wife, Caroline, 3, and son, Matthew, 16, then killed himself. Jealousy.

Lainer and Kindlinger, German tourists, ascended Mount Schwarzen-bergen without guides, fell into an abyss and were killed.

Flock of sheep, owned by Fred Buschemeyer of near Lancaster, O., frightened by dogs, leaped from summit of Mt. Pleasant over 280 feet precipice and killed.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation," were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, W. Va., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful stomach, liver and kidney remedy. Cures dyspepsia, loss of appetite. Try it. Only 50c. Guaranteed. For sale by J. Jas. Wood & Son, druggists.

Duff's refined molasses—Calhoun's.

To cure any cough use Ray's Cough Syrup—it's guaranteed.

The earnings of the C. and O. the third week of December show an increase of \$166.

Burglars robbed the Louisa postoffice of \$500 in money and \$900 worth of stamps.

Chenoweth's headache cure cures all kinds of headache. Try it; 10c. package, 25c. box.

Augustus Pearl and Minnie Belle Robinson, colored, were married Saturday by Judge Newell.

Harry Giovannoli, of the Danville Advocate, is to be Commissioner Yerkes' Private Secretary.

James A. Tipton has sold to L. F. Hedges nine acres on the Lewis and Mason pike, for \$430.

Try the best 10 cent cigar on the market, "La Aray." Brand registered. G. W. CHILDS.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Y. Nesbitt have conveyed a lot on south side of Third street, between Walnut and Union, to Elizabeth Perkins, for \$500.

The statement of the condition of the Bank of Maysville elsewhere in this issue shows the handsome sum of \$490,595.55 individual deposits.

Master John Breslin, of January street, is one of the winners in a rebus contest offered by the Bernard-Richards Company, of Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Sallie (Hunt) Bramel has filed suit for divorce against her husband, G. W. Bramel. She asks for support for her two children. Judge Phister is attorney for plaintiff and Hon. Leslie Worthington for defendant.

We have so many useful and beautiful articles in sterling silver, cut glass, bric-a-brac, &c., suitable for wedding presents. Among our great variety to choose from you cannot fail to find just what you want. BALLENGER, jeweler and optician.

Remember the New Year's reception to-day from 4 to 10 o'clock at Y. M. C. A., to which you are invited. Let there be a larger attendance this year than ever before. Call and bring your best girl or your mother or your gentleman friend or any one else. The doors will be open to all. At 7:30 an informal program will be rendered, after which there will be a game of basket ball. Light refreshments will be served.

A Keen, Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your stomach and liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by J. Jas. Wood & Son, druggists.

In Order To close out my stock of heating stoves, ranges and coal vases (standard brands) will sell at prices that defy competition. W. F. POWER.

Our stock of diamonds and gold watches is the largest in the city, so large that we want to turn some of them into cash. We will for the next two weeks make special low prices. MURPHY, the jeweler.

A PLAIN UNVARNISHED TALE.....

We have too many Overcoats and Ulsters left on hand; also too many winter weight Suits. We are going to turn them into CASH—a commodity we need at present much more than a surplus of Clothing. The winter thus far being very mild we are satisfied a great many are as yet unprovided with heavy wearing apparel. Here is your chance:

Twenty Per Cent. Cash Discount On Every Overcoat in Our House.



Fifteen Per Cent. Cash Discount On Every Heavy Weight Suit in Our House.

As our goods are all marked in plain figures, you will have no difficulty to arrive at the price. This sale will continue until we begin to invoice, which will be about the 10th of January. Come early and get first choice. We will add that not a garment in our stock is reserved in this sale. Terms **SPOT CASH** when the goods are taken away.

HECHINGER & CO.

THE HOME STORE.

Clennie Nichols and Mrs. Alice Linville, of this city, were married Saturday by Rev. Dr. Molloy.

World's Champion.

"I tried many remedies to cure piles," writes W. R. Smith, of Latham, Ill., "but found no relief till I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. I have not been troubled with piles since." It's the only champion pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world; 25c. per box, guaranteed by J. James Wood & Son, druggists.

We are going to invoice in two weeks. We will sell any article, no matter what it is,

AT COST,

And some below cost, to reduce stock.

New York Store

Has been the Mecca for bargain seekers this fall and every customer has been pleased. Come now and get bigger bargains than ever. Here are a few items: Heavy Brown Cotton, one yard wide, 4 1/2c; Bleached Cotton 4 1/2c, best Table Oilcloth 18c; good heavy Floor Oilcloth 22c; Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Vests 11c; Bed Comforts 59c., worth 75c.; Heavy Bed Blankets 69c.; Ladies' fine Wool Hose 12c., worth 25c.; Men's fine Laundered Shirts 25c., a little soiled; one lot of Ladies' Shoes to close out 50c.

IMPORTANT NEWS TO LADIES.

If you have not yet bought a wrap now is your chance. Plush Capes from \$1.50 on up; Jackets \$2 on up; Furs \$1 on up.

HAYS & CO.

NEW YORK STORE.

P. S.—We give rebate stamps. Ask for them.

Holiday Presents

Of any article of furniture are not only most acceptable but are useful as well. No trouble to make a selection from our stock of Folding Beds, Bedroom Suits, Brass and Iron Beds, Mirrors, Wardrobes, odd Dressers, Sideboards, Cupboards, Extension Tables, Center Tables, Hat Racks,

Novelty and Library Book Cases.

Ladies' Fine Desks, China Closets, Hall or Reception Chairs, Willow Rockers, Leather Couches and Chairs, Children's Chairs, Parlor Suits, Medicine Cases, Clock Brackets, &c. Reliable goods at reasonable prices.

McILVAIN & HUMPHREYS

Parker Building, Sutton Street, bet. Second and Third, Maysville, Ky.

P. S.—Our Undertaking Department is unsurpassed in its thorough equipment, and is in charge of an experienced and careful Undertaker and Embalmer. The handsome rubber-tired funeral car in this section.

WE HAVE.....

MOVED

INTO OUR NEW STORE,

Four doors west of Market, and can furnish you with bargains that are really bargains in **DIAMONDS, SILVERWARE, WATCHES and JEWELRY.** Before purchasing anything in this line see our new stock.

CLOONEY, THE JEWELER.

THE MOST COMPLETE LINE OF

XMAS NOVELTIES...

CAN BE SEEN AT BROWN'S CHINA PALACE.

O. H. P. Thomas & Co., Nos. 120 to 124 Market street, Maysville, Ky., sell our "Old-time Bourbon" and "Old Maysville Club Rye" whiskies, direct from our distillery, by the quart, gallon or barrel. These goods are guaranteed pure, and are the finest in the State. THE H. B. POGUE DISTILLERY CO.

We Try to Appreciate Your Trade.

By an honest effort to give you the best Clothing at a fair margin of profit. That's why we enjoy such a large share of your patronage. We feel, and know by experience, that the people of the community have brains and sense enough to know good Clothing when they see it, and generally buy from us, when we advertise Manhattan fancy Shirts for \$1.25, while the other fellow wants \$1.50. When we advertise a blue black, 24-oz., all wool, Clay worsted, fast color, finely tailored Suit for \$10, you have a good idea when others show you a Clay Worsted Suit as thin as tissue paper. The trouble is not with the people; it's with the advertiser, who either can't advertise his goods properly, so people can have some idea as to their value, or he is too afraid of his competitor to name values on staple and well-known merchandise, that the people know, and especially if they are of standard quality. We are glad of any opportunity you may give us to show you our Clothing and tell you of its intrinsic value and put you a price that means so much to you.

MARTIN'S

RED CORNER.

WANTED.

TURKEYS—TURKEYS—The Christmas trade is over, but we shall continue to slaughter poultry of all kinds. Bring direct to headquarters as before. BRIGHTMAN BROS., Wall street, E. L. Manchester.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large handsome front rooms and a hall, all with modern conveniences and centrally located. Apply at BULLETIN office.

FOR RENT—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms. Apply to MRS. J. A. HOWE. 26-61d

FOR RENT OR SALE—Thirty acres of well improved land, including a general store room, on Millcreek and Mt. Gilead turnpike. Apply to ANNA T. HORD AND SISTER. 30-d&wtf

FOR RENT—Four room flat for rent over P. J. Murphy's old jewelry store. Entrance private. Apply to ERNIE WHITE. 9-dtf

FOR RENT—The room now occupied by A. C. Clooney as a jewelry store. Apply to ERNIE WHITE. 23-dtf

FOR RENT—Two dwellings, four and six rooms each. All modern improvements. Limestone and Fifth. Apply to ERNIE WHITE.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Saloon, restaurant and boarding house, centrally located in Ohio town of 18,000. Other business. Call or address J. BRISBOIS, Maysville, Ky. 1-6d-11w

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BANK OF MAYSVILLE,

Maysville, Ky., at the Close of Business on the 31st Day
of December, 1900.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and discounts, less loans to Directors.....\$ 361,750 43	Capital stock paid in, in cash.....\$ 75,000 00
Loans to Directors (officers not included).....6,353 90	Surplus Fund.....25,000 00
Loans to officers.....3,260 00	Deposits subject to check (on which interest is not paid).....\$490,595 55
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....1,410 74	Due National Banks.....\$ 3,513 92
Due from National Banks.....\$ 50,880 31	3,513 92
Due from State banks and bankers.....18,349 61	
Banking house and lot.....69,229 92	
Other real estate.....10,000 00	
Morages.....77,592 75	
Other stocks and bonds.....19,800 00	
Specie.....\$ 8,258 36	
Currency.....30,733 01	
Exchange for clearings.....520 37	
	39,311 73
Current expenses last quarter.....840 67	
	942 43
	463 74
Give description, location, value and how long owned, all real estate except banking house and lot—	
Plow Factory, Maysville, Ky., assessed \$1200; May 26, 1898.	
	\$594,109 47
	\$594,109 47

STATE OF KENTUCKY,)
COUNTY OF MASON,) ss.
R. K. Hoeflich, Cashier of the Bank of Maysville, a bank located and doing business at No. 20 West Second street, in the city of Maysville, in said county, being duly sworn, says that the foregoing report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said bank at the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1900, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said bank has been transacted at the location named and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State designating the 31st day of December, 1900, as the day on which such report shall be made. Subscribed and sworn to before me by R. K. Hoeflich, Cashier, the 31st day of December, 1900.
T. K. RICKERTS, Jr., Notary Public.
My commission expires January 10th, 1902.

Make an Advance.
If as the old year ends and the new begins there is one person who feels that no advance has been made, either something is wrong with that person or the shadows have not yet risen high enough above his path to permit even an indistinct glimpse of the goal toward which he is surely moving.—A. H. Bradford, D. D.

HOW IT SPREADS.
People Are Talking All Over Maysville. This Report Comes From East Fourth St.

How it spreads.
Can't keep a "good thing" down.
Ever notice how "good things" are imitated?
Better the article, more imitators.
Fortunately the people have a safeguard.
Praise can't be imitated. And true praise takes root and spreads.
Claim is one thing, proof another.
Claim is what the manufacturer says.
Proof is what the people say.
Maysville people say.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.
Cure all kidney ills.
Hundreds of citizens testify to this.
Here is a case in point:
Mrs. Mary Kinsler of 362 East Fourth street, says: "I sent a box of Doan's Kidney Pills obtained at J. Jas. Wood & Son's drug store, corner of West Second and Market streets, to a relative living in the country who was much troubled with kidney complaint. The result obtained from Doan's Kidney Pills shows that only terms of highest praise express the great curative properties of the medicine."
For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Items of Interest Contributed by Our Country Correspondents.

COTTAGEVILLE, Dec. 29th.—Many farmers have sold and delivered their tobacco in this section at from 5 to 7c. per pound.
Young wheat is doing pretty well, though a little backward.
Miss Lucetta King, of the Morse School of Telegraphy, Lexington, is spending the holidays at home.
John Dodd has moved into the property recently vacated by Ed. Boggs, near this place.
The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Morton Sparks, who formerly resided at Fearis, but lately at Dixon, Tenn., will be sorry to learn of the death of their baby recently.

PLUMVILLE, Dec. 29.—Born, to the wife of Thomas Hughes, Christmas Day, a daughter.
A. L. Redman spent the holidays with relatives near Tollesboro.
Miss Nannie Lewman was a guest of relatives here the first of the past week.
At the church here the first week of the new century will be a week of prayer. The series of special services will begin New Year's Eve.
Elder Robert Tolle, of Maysville, will preach at the church here Thursday evening at 6 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.
H. V. Wilson, of Pleasant Ridge, was a guest of relatives here Thursday.
Harley Wilson, Charles Wilson, Henry Hord and Miss Virgie Sartain, of the Pleasant Ridge neighborhood, were each the recipient of an organ during the holidays.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hoeflich*
Judge Ross, of Carlisle, died Saturday.

THE MASON COUNTY.

Secretary Russell's Annual of
Receipts and Disbursements.

The Number of Shares in the Association
and the Value of Same in Each
Series.

MAYSVILLE, KY., Jan. 1, 1901.
To the Officers and Members of the Mason County
Building and Saving Association, Gentlemen: Below
I hand you my report for the twenty-first year
of your association, viz:

Receipts.	Disbursements.
Amt. cash in hands of Treasurer report Jan. 1st, 1900.....\$ 9,121 02	Amt. loaned on mortgages.....\$32,100 00
Amt. received weekly dues.....2,667 25	Amt. loaned on stock.....3,410 00
Amt. received monthly dues.....2,433 25	Amt. paid for 972 shares cancelled.....67,702 00
Amt. received for fines.....241 95	Amt. paid dividend No. 20.....11,681 35
Amt. received for transfers.....74 50	Amt. paid salaries, rent, advertising, etc.....1,466 40
Amt. received for interest.....9,933 37	Amt. paid choices in action.....1,779 45
Amt. received for initiation fee on 792 shares.....386 00	Amt. paid solicitor's fees returned.....241 00
Amt. received for mortgages cancelled.....43,500 00	Amt. paid premium on 14th series.....783 00
Amt. received for stock notes cancelled.....183 00	Amt. paid bills receivable.....10,000 00
Amt. received for solicitor's fees.....246 00	Amt. paid insurance.....284 41
Amt. received for bills receivable.....18,000 00	Amt. paid attorney.....17 50
Amt. received for choices in action.....358 95	Amt. paid on real estate.....8 18
Amt. received for taxes of Kilb.....7 88	Amt. paid Secretary of State.....10 00
Amt. received for costs in Willett suit.....10 80	Amt. paid taxes.....15 71
Amt. received for insurance.....281 41	Amt. paid commission for selling real estate.....9 88
Amt. received for real estate.....405 60	Amt. cash in hands of Treasurer.....13,897 85
Amt. received for three new books.....75-143,211 73	

Disbursements.	Total
Amt. loaned on mortgages.....\$32,100 00	
Amt. loaned on stock.....3,410 00	
Amt. paid for 972 shares cancelled.....67,702 00	
Amt. paid dividend No. 20.....11,681 35	
Amt. paid salaries, rent, advertising, etc.....1,466 40	
Amt. paid choices in action.....1,779 45	
Amt. paid solicitor's fees returned.....241 00	
Amt. paid premium on 14th series.....783 00	
Amt. paid bills receivable.....10,000 00	
Amt. paid insurance.....284 41	
Amt. paid attorney.....17 50	
Amt. paid on real estate.....8 18	
Amt. paid Secretary of State.....10 00	
Amt. paid taxes.....15 71	
Amt. paid commission for selling real estate.....9 88	
Amt. cash in hands of Treasurer.....13,897 85	143,211 73

Each share has paid in		
15th series.....		\$38 25
16.....		91 25
17.....		86 00
18.....		78 25
19.....		73 00
20.....		65 25
21.....		58 75
22.....		52 25
23.....		45 75
24.....		39 25
25.....		32 75
26.....		26 00
27.....		19 25
28.....		13 00
29.....		6 50
No. of shares in 15th series, commencing July 1, 1893.....	337	
No. cancelled as per report Oct. 1, 1900.....	261	— 75
Leav. No. shares in 15th series		
No. of shares in 16th series, commencing Jan. 1, 1894.....	468	
No. cancelled as per report Oct. 1, 1900.....	310	— 158
Leav. No. shares in 16th series		
No. of shares in 17th series, commencing June 1, 1894.....	242	
No. cancelled as per report Oct. 1, 1900.....	134	— 108
Leav. No. shares in 17th series		
No. of shares in 18th series commencing Jan. 1, 1895.....	541	
No. cancelled as per report Oct. 1, 1899.....	397	— 144
Leav. No. shares in 18th series		
No. shares in 19th series, commencing June 1, 1895.....	256	
No. cancelled as per report Oct. 1, 1900.....	153	5— 158
Leav. No. shares in 19th series		— 98
No. shares in 20 h series, commencing Jan. 1, 1896.....	600	
No. cancelled as per report Oct. 1, 1899.....	181	5— 156
Leav. No. shares in 20th series		— 41